



Task: Circle only the *letter (s)* corresponding to the correct answer (s) for the following statements. (20/20)

1) Language Development is defined as					
a) the only process of Learning					
b) the only process of Acquisition					
c) a process of acquisition and learning processes					
d) a twofold process					
2) Language Acquisition is a process of leaning second language (L2)					
a) True		b) False			
3) Language Learning is a process of mother tongue Acquisition.					
a) True		b) False			
4) Language Acquisition and Language Learning could be synonymous.					
a) True		b) False			
5) Language Learning is a process of second language Acquisition.					
a) True		b) False			
6) Early Vocalisation is part of language learning process.					
a) True		b) False			
7) Pre-production is the first stage of Language Acquisition.					
a) True		b) False			
8) The holophrastic phase occurs around one year during childhood.					
a) True		b) False			
9) The telegraphic phase occurs					
a) before 24 months					
b) around 24 months to 30 months					
c) at 30 months					
d) between 24 months and 30 months					
10) During Language stage in language Acquisition process,					
a) longer sentences are produced					
b) multi-word sentences are produced					
c) simple sentences are produced					
d) complex sentences are produced					
11) Speech emergence in language learning process is the equivalent of Language stage in language acquisition process when referring to					
a) the production of longer phrases and sentences in learning's speech emergence phase					
b) the speaking activities during learning process					
c) language stage occurrence over 30 months during Acquisition Phase					
d) the use of complex and longer statements in Acquisition's language stage					
12) Advance Fluency stage in learning process is the continuous fluency and vocabulary expansion abilities improvement in second language (L2).					
a) True		b) False			
13) The term Acquisition is only usable when referring to first language (L1) learning.					
a) True		b) False			
14) The term Learning is only appropriate in second language (L2) Acquisition.					
a) True		b) False			
15) Language learning is a pragmatic process whereas Acquisition process is a structural approach in Language Learning/acquisition.					
a) True		b) False			
16) Language structural understanding and language knowledge production are characterisation of Language Acquisition					
a) True		b) False			

17) Immersion is the learning context in second language (L2) acquisition.				
a) True	b) False			
18) Mother tongue is only learnt through immersion.				
a) True	b) False			
19) Language Acquisition takes place in class.				
a) True	b) False			
20) Language Acquisition and learning can occur in immersion context.				
a) True	b) False			
21) Human beings acquire languages through social interactions.				
a) True	b) False			
22) According to Noam Chomsky, a child would acquire language not learn or develop it.				
a) True	b) False			
23) Linguistically, the term Acquisition emphasizes the notion of grammar that is only triggered by the environment rather than learnt.				
a) True	b) False			
24) Language Development is rather independent of other kinds of development whether linguistic or otherwise.				
a) True	b) False			
25) language Development is a human higher level cognitive skill involving audition and oral abilities to communicate verbally individuals' needs and wants.				
a) True	b) False			
26) The two main areas of language are Receptive Language and Expressive Language.				
a) True	b) False			
27) Language Comprehension and Language Use are the two main kinds of Language Development.				
a) True	b) False			
28) First language Acquisition refers to how a child develops its ability to speak and use the language of its environment.				
a) True	b) False			
29) Listening, speaking, reading and writing are the language classical skills to develop.				
a) True	b) False			
30) Language Development is affected by social, perceptual, cognitive processing, conceptual and linguistic factors.				
a) True	b) False			
31) Language acquisition begins three (03) months before child's birth to around adolescence phase.				
a) True	b) False			
32) Language learning could begin from adolescence to adulthood.				
a) True	b) False			
33) Language development could start from the child mother's womb to its death.				
a) True	b) False			
34) Babbling is characterised by consonant and vowel combination production				
a) True	b) False			
35) Speech emergence is far from being speech emergency.				
a) True	b) False			
36) Chomsky's Language Acquisition Device provides a foundation for language acquisition, that allows children to effectively learn and use language.				
a) True	b) False			
37) Chomsky's universal grammar is a set of rules common to all languages that is adaptable to all specific language children are exposed to.				
a) True	b) False			